1 R277. Education, Administration.

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- 2 R277-616. Education for Homeless and Emancipated Students.
- 3 **R277-616-[2]1**. Authority and Purpose.
- 4 [A:](1) This rule is authorized [under]by:
- 5 (a) Utah Constitution Article X, Section 3, [of the Utah State Constitution,]which vests general control and supervision of the public school system under the Board;
 - (b) Subsection 53A-1-401(3), which allows the Board to adopt rules in accordance with its responsibilities[-];
- 10 (c) Section 53A-11-101.5, which requires that minors between the ages of 6 11 and 18 attend school during the school year[-];
- (d) Subsection 53A-2-201(5), which makes each school district or charter
 school responsible for providing educational services for all children of school age
 who reside in the school district or attend the school[;]; and
- (e) the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, Title VII, Subtitle
 B, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 11431 through 11435.
- 17 [B.](2) The purpose of this rule is to ensure that homeless children/youth 18 have the opportunity to attend school with as little disruption as reasonably possible.

R277-616-[1]2. Definitions.

- 20 [A. "Board" means the Utah State Board of Education.]
- 21 [B.](1) "Domicile" means the place which a person considers to be the 22 permanent home, even though temporarily residing elsewhere.
- 23 [C.](2) "Emancipated minor" means:
 - ([1]a) a child under the age of 18 who has become emancipated through marriage or by order of a court consistent with Section 78A-6-801 et seq.; or
- 26 ([2]b) a child recommended for school enrollment as an emancipated or 27 independent or homeless child/youth by an authorized representative of the Utah 28 State Department of Social Services.
 - [D.](3) "Enrolled" for purposes of this rule means a student has the opportunity to attend classes and participate fully in school and extracurricular activities based on academic and citizenship requirements of all students.

32	[E.](4) "Homeless child[/]" or "homeless youth" means a child who:
33	([1]a) lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence;
34	([2]b) has primary nighttime residence in a homeless shelter, welfare hotel,
35	motel, congregate shelter, domestic violence shelter, car, abandoned building, bus
36	or train station, trailer park, or camping ground;
37	([3]c) sleeps in a public or private place not ordinarily used as a regular
38	sleeping accommodation for human beings;
39	([4]d) is, due to loss of housing or economic hardship, or a similar reason,
40	living with relatives or friends usually on a temporary or emergency basis due to lack
41	of housing; or
42	$([5]\underline{e})$ is a runaway, a child or youth denied housing by his family, or school-
43	age unwed mother living in a home for unwed mothers, who has no other housing
44	available.
45	[F. "Parent" means a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor
46	child.]
47	[G:](5) "School district of residence for a homeless child/youth" means the
48	school district in which the student or the student's legal guardian or both currently
49	resides or the charter school that the student is attending for the period that the
50	student or student's family satisfies the homeless criteria.
51	[H. "USOE" means the Utah State Office of Education.]
52	R277-616-3. Criteria for Determining Where a Homeless or Emancipated
53	Student Shall Attend School.
54	[A.](1) Under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, Title
55	VII, Subtitle B, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 11431 through 11435, homeless
56	[students]children are entitled to immediate enrollment and full participation even if
57	they are unable to produce records which may include medical records, birth
58	certificates, school records, or proof or residency normally required for enrollment.
59	[B-](2) A homeless [student]child or homeless youth shall:
60	([1]a) be immediately enrolled even if the [student]homeless youth does not
61	have documentation required under Sections 53A-11-201, 301, 302, 302.5 and
62	Section 53A-2-201 through 213;

63	([2]b) be allowed to continue to attend his school of origin, to the extent
64	feasible, unless it is against the parent[/guardian]'s wishes;
65	(c) be permitted to remain in the student's school of origin for the duration of
66	the homelessness and until the end of any academic year in which the student
67	moves into permanent housing; or
68	([$rac{3}{d}$) transfer to the school district of residence or charter school if space is
69	available as defined under Subsection R277-616-1I.
70	[B-](2) A [D]determination of a residence or domicile for a homeless youth or
71	emancipated minor may include consideration of the following criteria:
72	([1]a) the place, however temporary, where the child actually sleeps;
73	$([2]\underline{b})$ the place where an emancipated minor or an unaccompanied
74	[child/]youth or accompanied [child's/]youth's family keeps [its]the family's
75	belongings;
76	$([rac{3}{2}]c)$ the place which an emancipated minor or an unaccompanied
77	[child/]youth or accompanied [child's/]youth's parent considers to be home; or
78	([4]d) such recommendations concerning a child's domicile as made by the
79	State Department of Human Services.
80	[C.](3) Determination of a residence or domicile for a homeless youth or
81	emancipated minor may not be based upon:
82	([1]a) rent or lease receipts for an apartment or home;
83	([2]b) the existence or absence of a permanent address; or
84	([3]c) a required length of residence in a given location.
85	[D.](4) If there is a dispute as to the residence or the status of an
86	emancipated minor or an unaccompanied [child/]youth, the issue may be referred
87	to the [USOE]Superintendent for resolution.
88	[E.](5) The purpose of federal homeless education legislation is to ensure
89	that a child's education is not needlessly disrupted because of homelessness.
90	(6) If a child's residence or eligibility is in question, the child shall be admitted
91	to school until the issue is resolved.

R277-616-4. Transfer of Guardianship.

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[A:](1) If guardianship of a minor child is awarded to a resident of a school

- 94 district by action of a court or through appointment by a school district under Section 95 53A-2-202, the child becomes a resident of the school district in which the guardian 96 resides.
- 97 [B.](2) If a child's residence has been established by transfer of legal guardianship, no tuition may be charged by the new school district of residence.
- 99 KEY: compulsory education, students' rights
- 100 Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment: [August 8, 2011]2015
- 101 Notice of Continuation: [November 10, 2010]2015
- 102 Authorizing, and Implemented or Interpreted Law: Art X Sec 3; 53A-1-401(3);
- 103 **53A-2-201(5)**; **53A-2-202**